25 CONCLUSIONS

This Application has assessed the effects of the Project on 14 valued components (VCs), the interests of nine Indigenous Nations, and factors specified by the British Columbia Environmental Assessment Act and the Impact Assessment Act. The scope of the assessment considered concerns and issues raised through the Proponents' consultation and engagement with regulatory agencies, Indigenous Nations, stakeholders, and the public. The Proponent recognizes the importance of early and meaningful engagement with Indigenous Nations and strives to establish and maintain mutually respectful relationships with Indigenous Nations engaged with the Project. First and foremost, the Project includes a collaboration with the Nisga'a Nation. The Nisga'a Lisims Government has openly supported the Project and has taken a lead role in informing Nisga'a citizens about the Project.

The Project is being undertaken by a unique and progressive collaboration of Proponents that are looking to develop a Project that will create economic reconciliation and self-determination for the Nisga'a Nation and improve the quality of life for Nisga'a citizens, while also creating direct and indirect economic benefits for other Indigenous nations, British Columbia (BC), Alberta, and Canada. The Project is being designed in a manner consistent with the environmental goals of BC, Canada, and the Nisga'a Nation and will be one of the lowest carbon-emitting liquefied natural gas (LNG) export facilities in the world. Once in operation the Project will create significant benefits in Canada and produce global benefits as the world transitions to a low carbon energy economy. Key Project benefits are summarized in Table 25–1.

Table 25-1 - Ksi Lisims LNG Project Benefits

Potential Benefit	Description
Nisga'a Nation economic	The Nisga'a Nation see the Project as an opportunity for economic
1 reconciliation and self-determination	reconciliation. The Project will provide substantive direct and indirect economic development for the Nisga'a Nation and its citizens. By providing training, education, employment and contracting opportunities for unemployed and underemployed Nisga'a citizens, the Project will reduce employment barriers and promote economic self-determination.

I am unsure what the Proponents mean by "economic reconciliation" or "self determination" and I
do not believe many of the Nisga people in the Nass would understand it.

Do the Proponents mean the project is to be viewed as a form of compensation for former colonial wrongs? What is the idea behind this new self determination? Are the roughly 1,500 residents of the lower Nass valley expected to abandon their traditional ptactices and self identify themselves as LNG exporters?

THIS SO CALLED BENEFIT APPEARS TO BE A BENEFIT TO THE PROPONENTS ALONE. BY USING A BAND'S NAME AND CLAIMING BOGUS BENEFITS TO FIRST NATION PEOPLES THE PROPONENTS ARE ATTEMPTING TO PROVIDE RATIONAL AND LEGITIMACY TO A COMPLETELY UNTENABLE PROJECT!